

BEGIN - MARCH 5, 1960

A137 260

NIGHT LEAD RECOGNITION

BY CARL HARTMAN

BERLIN, MARCH 5 (AP)—HOPE FOR A REUNIFIED GERMANY WAS HIT TODAY BY WHAT LOOKED LIKE A TINY DIPLOMATIC EVENT--RECOGNITION OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY BY THE LITTLE AFRICAN REPUBLIC OF GUINEA. GUINEA IS THE FIRST NON-COMMUNIST COUNTRY TO STAND UP IN THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY AND ACCEPT THE "GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC" AS AN EQUAL. OTHERS NOW MAY FOLLOW, ESPECIALLY FROM THE UNCOMMITTED NATIONS.

AN AMBASSADOR FROM GUINEA, DR. SEYDOU CONTE, ARRIVED SECRETLY IN EAST BERLIN THURSDAY. TODAY HE PRESENTED HIS CREDENTIALS TO PRESIDENT WILHELM PIECK. THEY EXCHANGED THE FORMAL SPEECHES USUAL ON SUCH OCCASIONS. AN EAST GERMAN AMBASSADOR IS ON HIS WAY TO CONAKRY, GUINEA'S CAPITAL.

SOME WESTERN DIPLOMATS SAY PRIVATELY THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER MAJOR WESTERN NATIONS WILL GO THROUGH THE SAME PROCESS--SOME DAY. MEANWHILE, THEIR JOB IS TO HOLD OFF AS LONG AS POSSIBLE AND GET THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE PRICE FROM THE REDS.

THERE HAVE ONLY BEEN SCATTERED HINTS WHAT THE WESTERN NATIONS' PRICE MIGHT BE. ONE POSSIBILITY IS AN IRON-CLAD GUARANTEE FROM THE SOVIET UNION ON THE FREEDOM OF WEST BERLIN, WITH A CORRIDOR ACROSS THE 110 MILES OF COMMUNIST TERRITORY THAT SEPARATE IT FROM WEST GERMANY.

THE WEST GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC IS THE BITTEREST FOE OF RECOGNIZING THE EAST GERMANS. ITS ARGUMENT RUNS LIKE THIS: THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS WERE BROUGHT TO RULE ON THE BAYONETS OF THE RED ARMY. THEY HAVE NO POPULAR SUPPORT. RECOGNITION WOULD MEAN A SURRENDER OF ALL EASTERN EUROPE TO COMMUNISM AND A HELP TO ITS INFILTRATION OF THE WEST.

WEST GERMANY IMMEDIATELY RECALLED ITS AMBASSADOR AFTER WORD OF GUINEA'S ACTION WAS RECEIVED. WHETHER THE AMBASSADOR WOULD RETURN TO HIS POST WAS A WIDE OPEN QUESTION.

THE GOVERNMENT "RESERVES FULL FREEDOM OF ACTION," A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID. THIS MEANT THE POSSIBILITY OF BREAKING OFF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH GUINEA WAS UNDER CONSIDERATION.

WEST GERMANY HAS IN THE PAST THREATENED TO SEVER DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH ANY COUNTRY OUTSIDE THE COMMUNIST BLOC WHICH GAVE FORMAL RECOGNITION TO EAST GERMANY AS A SOVEREIGN STATE. THE DOCTRINE HAS BEEN THAT SUCH RECOGNITION WOULD BE CONSTRUED AS "AN UNFRIENDLY ACT" AGAINST WEST GERMANY.

WHEN YUGOSLAVIA PERSISTED IN RECOGNIZING EAST GERMANY, WEST GERMANY BROKE RELATIONS. IF IT ACTS LESS RESOLUTELY NOW, OTHER COUNTRIES MAY FOLLOW GUINEA'S LEAD BEFORE THE MAY SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN PARIS. THAT WOULD SURELY COMPLICATE DELIBERATIONS BY THE BIG FOUR.

B919PES

A86WX (BJT)

(550) AMS BUDGET

GERMAN INTERPRETIVE

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MARCH 5 (AP)—PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IS PREPARED TO ASSURE CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER THAT WEST GERMANY CAN EXERCISE A VIRTUAL VETO OVER WESTERN POLICIES FOR SUMMIT NEGOTIATIONS ON THE FUTURE OF BERLIN AND GERMANY.

30.24-10159

ADENAUER IS BOUND TO BE WORRIED ABOUT WHAT HE CONSIDERS THE DANGER OF WEAKNESS IN THE WESTERN APPROACH TO THE SUMMIT MEETING WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV AT PARIS STARTING MAY 16. HE IS COMING TO THE UNITED STATES IN A WEEK TO TRY TO STIFFEN U.S. RESISTANCE TO ANY CONCESSIONS TO RUSSIA, ESPECIALLY ON WEST BERLIN.

ADMINISTRATION AUTHORITIES SAY ADENAUER'S CONCERN IS UNDERSTANDABLE BUT THAT U.S. PLANNING GIVES HIM NO REAL CAUSE FOR CONCERN. THE UNITED STATES, THEY ADD, IS DETERMINED THAT WEST GERMAN LEADERS, PARTICULARLY INCLUDING THOSE IN WEST BERLIN, MUST BE SATISFIED WITH THE WHOLE WESTERN POLICY ON BERLIN AND WITH THE NEGOTIATIONS AT EVERY STEP OF THE WAY.

ADENAUER SEEMS TO BE AFRAID, HOWEVER, THAT AS KHRUSHCHEV BUILDS UP HIS COMBINATION OF THREAT AND PRESSURE IN AN EFFORT TO WREST WEST BERLIN FROM U.S.-BRITISH-FRENCH PROTECTION, NEW WESTERN CONCESSIONS WILL BE OFFERED IN THE HOPE OF AVOIDING ANY NEW, MILITARILY DANGEROUS WEST BERLIN CRISIS.

EISENHOWER HAS SAID PUBLICLY IN RECENT MONTHS THAT IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ANY BERLIN SOLUTION BE FULLY ACCEPTABLE TO THE PEOPLE MOST DIRECTLY CONCERNED -- THE PEOPLE OF BERLIN.

ASSOCIATES SAID HE FEELS THIS STRONGLY AND THAT IT WILL BE THE MAIN THEME OF HIS ASSURANCES TO ADENAUER. THIS PLEDGE THAT ANY SETTLEMENT MUST BE ACCEPTABLE TO THEM GIVES THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT A KIND OF VETO CONTROL OVER THE NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA ON THE ISSUE.

WHILE THE WEST GERMANS ARE NOT SCHEDULED TO BE PARTICIPANTS IN THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE, THEY DO PLAN TO HAVE AN OBSERVER GROUP IN PARIS AND WILL BE KEPT CONTINUOUSLY INFORMED OF PROGRESS.

DIPLOMATS SAID ADENAUER'S CONFIDENCE IN HIS WESTERN ALLIES HAS NOT BEEN STRENGTHENED BY THE HANDLING OF THEIR DECISION TO MAKE HIGH ALTITUDE FLIGHTS BETWEEN WEST GERMANY AND WEST BERLIN IN DEFIANCE OF COMMUNIST WARNINGS NOT TO DO SO.

THE THREE-POWER AGREEMENT TO RESUME SUCH FLIGHTS, MADE SEVERAL WEEKS AGO, BECAME KNOWN MONDAY. THE IDEA WAS TO SEND OFFICIAL NOTICE TO THE RUSSIANS AT ONCE BUT SOME COMPLICATION WITHIN THE U.S. GOVERNMENT DELAYED THIS ACTION ALL WEEK. MANY OFFICIALS FEARED THE OVER-ALL EFFECT OF THIS WOULD BE TO SHOW UP THE WESTERN POWERS AS IRRESOLUTE.

THE DELAY APPARENTLY HAS STEMMED FROM DIFFERENCES OVER NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE BETWEEN THE STATE AND DEFENSE DEPARTMENTS OR WITHIN THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT.

THE ISSUE MAY BE RESOLVED SHORTLY WITH THE RETURN TO WASHINGTON YESTERDAY OF SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER AND THE SCHEDULED RETURN MONDAY OF EISENHOWER.

ADENAUER, DUE IN WASHINGTON MARCH 14, FAVORS A TOUGH AND UNYIELDING ATTITUDE TOWARD NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA OVER BERLIN. DIPLOMATS SAID HE BELIEVES THE RUSSIANS ARE QUITE SERIOUS ABOUT THEIR EXPRESS DETERMINATION TO BREAK THE WESTERN HOLD ON THE CITY.

ADENAUER THEREFORE IS EXPECTED TO URGE THAT AT THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE THE WESTERN POWERS SHOULD MAKE NO RETREAT FROM THE VITAL ELEMENTS OF THEIR MAIN POLICY: THAT THE ONLY REAL PROTECTION FOR WEST BERLIN IS THE PRESENCE OF 11,000 U.S., BRITISH AND FRENCH TROOPS; THAT THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE A WAR-WON RIGHT TO BE IN BERLIN; AND THAT THE ONLY POSSIBLE SOLUTION IS TO UNIFY GERMANY AND RESTORE BERLIN AS ITS CAPITAL.

IN NEGOTIATIONS LAST SUMMER THE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS OFFERED RUSSIA SUCH CONCESSIONS AS LIMITING WESTERN TROOP STRENGTH AND SOFT-PEDDLING PROPAGANDA UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS. RUSSIA WOULD NOT AGREE, HOWEVER, TO RECOGNIZE THE STATUS QUO IN BERLIN UNTIL GERMANY IS UNITED SO THERE WAS NO DEAL AT GENEVA.

IT BECAME APPARENT, HOWEVER, THAT BRITISH OFFICIALS ARE FAR MORE WILLING THAN ARE U.S., FRENCH OR WEST GERMAN LEADERS TO WORK OUT A NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT WHICH WOULD PUT WEST BERLIN ON SOME KIND OF NEW BASIS AND AVOID A SHOWDOWN.

THE HEART OF ADENAUER'S PRESENT WORRY IS THAT IN THE HEAT OF THE SUMMIT TALKS THE BRITISH ATTITUDE MAY PREVAIL. U.S. ATTITUDE OF STANDING FIRM. ADENAUER APPARENTLY WANTS TO STRENGTHEN EISENHOWER'S DETERMINATION TO STAND UP AGAINST MORE CONCILIATORY BRITISH VIEWS.

BU311PES

B65 Q

(270)

BERLIN, MARCH 5 (AP)--WEST BERLIN MAYOR WILLY BRANDT TODAY ASSAILED THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT FOR "MILITARY SENSELESSNESS" IN PLANNING BASES IN SPAIN.

BRANDT, A SOCIALIST, WAS ON THE ANTI-FRANCO SIDE IN THE SPANISH SIDE IN THE SPANISH CIVIL WAR. HE IS OPPOSED POLITICALLY TO THE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT OF CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

SPEAKING TO THE ANNUAL ASSEMBLY OF HIS PARTY IN BERLIN, BRANDT CRITICIZED THE ADENAUER REGIME AS NOT TAKING CARE OF GERMANY'S GOOD NAME ABROAD. THE BASES PROPOSAL, HE SAID, HAD PLAYED INTO THE HANDS OF SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV.

HE ALSO CRITICIZED THE BONN GOVERNMENT FOR ITS ATTITUDE TOWARD SOVIET PROPOSALS ON BERLIN. NONE OF THESE SO FAR HAS BEEN ACCEPTABLE, HE SAID, BUT SOME POINTS SHOULD BE INVESTIGATED MORE.

BRANDT WAS REFERRING TO A MEMORANDUM ON BERLIN SENT TO THE GERMAN SOCIALISTS BY SOVIET AMBASSADOR ANDREI SMIRNOW. HE COMPLAINED THE GOVERNMENT HAD JUST THROWN IT INTO THE WASTEBASKET.

THE SOCIALISTS WANT TO KNOW MORE ABOUT HIS STATEMENT THAT AS A "FREE CITY"--THE STATUS THE SOVIETS WANT FOR WEST BERLIN--IT WOULD HAVE A CLOSER RELATION WITH WEST GERMANY THAN WITH OTHER COUNTRIES. BRANDT COMMENTED THAT THE RUSSIANS "SEEM TO BE CLIMBING DOWN FROM THEIR HIGH HORSE."

HE TOOK THE OFFICIAL WESTERN POSITION THAT THE BERLIN PROBLEM CAN ONLY BE SOLVED AS PART OF THE WHOLE GERMAN PROBLEM. THE BERLIN QUESTION, HE SAID, HAS BECOME A KIND OF "POLITICAL LIE DETECTOR." HE ADDED:

"WE CANNOT ACCEPT THAT THE SOVIETS WAVE THE PALMS OF PEACE IN OTHER PLACES AND CRACK THE WHIP IN BERLIN AT THE SAME TIME."

HL1016AES

B64 Q

(160)

ESSEN, GERMANY, MARCH 5 (AP)--FORMER GERMAN MUNITIONS KING ALFRED KRUPP REITERATED TODAY HIS GIANT CONCERN WON'T MAKE ARMS AGAIN BUT MAY PRODUCE CERTAIN MILITARY EQUIPMENT FOR THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION.

AMONG THE KRUPP PRODUCTS HE WANTS TO SELL TO NATO ARE MOBILE WATER PURIFICATION UNITS AND STEEL MASTS FOR SETTING UP ANTENNAS, HE SAID. BUT GUNS, TANKS AND AMMUNITION THAT KRUPP'S PRODUCED ON THE CONVEYER BELT FOR THE NAZIS ARE OUT.

KRUPP TOLD A CEREMONY HELD TO HONOR OLD EMPLOYEES OF GERMANY'S BIGGEST STEEL CONCERN, THE FIRM HAD REGISTERED A RECORD TURNOVER OF 4,370,000,000 MARKS (\$1,040,500,000) IN 1959. EXPORTS AMOUNTED TO A TOTAL OF 677 MILLION MARKS (\$161,190,000) SAID KRUPP. HE DIDN'T MENTION NET PROFIT.

KRUPP, WHOSE INDUSTRIAL FAMILY EMPIRE EMPLOYS NEARLY 107,000 WORKERS, SAID THAT IN LINE WITH MODERNIZING PRODUCTION HIS FIRM IS NOW CONCENTRATING ON SUCH FIELDS AS TRAFFIC, ATOMIC ENERGY, HYDROGEN POWER PROJECTS AND AIR PURIFICATION.

HL1002AES

B71 Q

KX (190)

BONN, GERMANY, MARCH 5 (AP)--WEST GERMANY, BELGIUM AND THE NETHERLANDS AGREED TODAY TO POOL THEIR INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES TO BUILD THE AMERICAN DEVELOPED F104G STARFIGHTER. THE THREE AIR FORCES HAVE CHOSEN THE LOCKHEED SUPERSONIC JET AS THEIR STANDARD FIGHTER.

AN AGREEMENT ON JOINT PRODUCTION OF THE PLANE UNDER LICENSE IN EUROPE WAS SIGNED TODAY AT WAHN AIRBASE, NEAR BONN, BY THE THREE DEFENSE MINISTERS--FRANZ JOSEF STRAUSS OF WEST GERMANY, ARTHUR GILSON OF BELGIUM AND SIMON VISSER OF HOLLAND.

THE MAIN ASSEMBLY OF THE AIRCRAFT WILL BE CARRIED OUT IN WEST GERMANY WITH COMPONENTS BEING MADE IN SPECIALIST FACTORIES IN THE LOW COUNTRIES. A PERMANENT OFFICE TO COORDINATE PRODUCTION IS TO BE SET UP IN GERMANY AND SUPERVISED BY A COMMISSION OF HIGH OFFICIALS FROM THE THREE COUNTRIES.

WEST GERMANY IS RECEIVING ABOUT 100 COMPLETED PLANES FROM LOCKHEED AND WILL BUILD 500 MORE. BELGIUM AND HOLLAND WILL NEED ABOUT 350 PLANES BETWEEN THEM.

THE AGREEMENT ALSO COVERED COOPERATION IN MANUFACTURE AND SUPPLY OF SPARE PARTS, GROUND EQUIPMENT AND SERVICES SUCH AS PILOT TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE OF THE AIRCRAFT.

WW1040AES

A23WX (BJT)

(500) AMS BUDGET

DISARMAMENT--SENATE

WASHINGTON, MARCH 5 (AP)--SEN. ALBERT GORE (D-TENN) TODAY URGED A BUILDUP IN U.S. MILITARY STRENGTH TO BOLSTER ITS POSITION IN THE EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS THAT OPEN MARCH 15.

GORE, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON DISARMAMENT, ALSO CALLED ON THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION TO DEVELOP A POSITIVE POLICY ON DISARMAMENT. HE SAID:

"IT MAY APPEAR TO BE PARADOXICAL TO SAY THAT WE SHOULD INCREASE OUR ARMAMENTS IN ORDER TO DISARM. YET SUCH IS OUR POSITION AT THE PRESENT TIME THAT WE HAVE LITTLE WITH WHICH TO BARGAIN."

TWO OTHER DEMOCRATIC SENATORS, HUBERT H. HUMPHREY OF MINNESOTA AND JOSEPH S. CLARK OF PENNSYLVANIA, PROPOSED THAT THE SENATE DISCUSS THE DISARMAMENT SITUATION THOROUGHLY NEXT TUESDAY IN A MAJOR DISCUSSION.

HUMPHREY AND CLARK SUGGESTED IN A MEMO CIRCULATED AMONG OTHER DEMOCRATIC SENATORS, INCLUDING MAJORITY LEADER LYNDON B. JOHNSON OF TEXAS, THAT IT MIGHT BE APPROPRIATE TO SEE IF SENATORS COULD AGREE ON A GENERAL POSITION THAT MIGHT BE HELPFUL TO U.S. NEGOTIATORS AT THE GENEVA SESSIONS BETWEEN FIVE WESTERN AND FIVE COMMUNIST NATIONS.

GORE, IN A SPEECH TO THE SENATE DURING A LULL IN THE CIVIL RIGHTS DEBATE, SAID IT IS "UNBELIEVABLY BUT FEARFULLY TRUE" THAT A DEFINITE ALLIED POLICY IS LACKING FOR THE EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS.

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD TAKE A POSITIVE APPROACH, FIRM TO THE POINT OF BREAKING OFF THE GENEVA TALKS IF THE WEST FACES NOTHING BUT A BULLHEADED COMMUNIST ATTITUDE "AND A BLATANT EXERCISE IN PROPAGANDA."

GORE SAID THE UNITED STATES HAD NO PROGRAM READY WHEN ALLIED REPRESENTATIVES HELD POLICY TALKS HERE LAST MONTH.

"THIS IS INEXCUSABLE," HE SAID. "WE HAVE LOST THE INITIATIVE EVEN IN DEALING WITH OUR ALLIES. NOW, THEN, CAN WE MAINTAIN THE INITIATIVE IN DEALING WITH OUR POTENTIAL ENEMIES?"

CALLING FOR A GENUINE RENUNCIATION OF FORCE BY THE COMMUNISTS, GORE SAID HE DOUBTED SOVIET SINCERITY IN SPEAKING OF TOTAL DISARMAMENT. "PURE PROPAGANDA," HE SAID.

HE DESCRIBED GENERAL DISARMAMENT AS IMPOSSIBLE UNDER PRESENT

"PERHAPS, AT LEAST FOR NOW, THEY SHOULD BE LIMITED TO AN AGREEMENT ON THE MAXIMUM LIMITS OF THE ARMED FORCES, CONVENTIONAL AS WELL AS NUCLEAR, OF THE WEST AND THE COMMUNIST BLOC," GORE SAID. THIS WOULD MEAN BRINGING RED CHINA INTO THE NEGOTIATIONS EVENTUALLY, HE SAID. METHODS OF CONTROL WOULD HAVE TO BE ESTABLISHED FOR THIS, HE SAID, AND MIGHT ALSO BE SET UP TO PREVENT SURPRISE ATTACKS. AN AIDE TO HUMPHREY, WHO IS CHAIRMAN OF THE DISARMAMENT SUB-COMMITTEE, SAID THE IDEA OF TUESDAY'S DISCUSSION WAS NOT TO BE CRITICAL OF ADMINISTRATION PLANS BUT TO PUT SENATE THINKING ON THE SUBJECT ON THE RECORD.

THE MINNESOTA SENATOR IS DUE BACK TUESDAY FROM WISCONSIN WHERE HE SPENT A LONG WEEKEND CAMPAIGNING FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION. HE IS ENTERED IN THE APRIL 5 WISCONSIN PRIMARY.

THE HUMPHREY AIDE TOLD A REPORTER THAT, WHILE THE DISCUSSION MIGHT TOUCH ON THE CONTROVERSY OVER DEFENSE SPENDING, THE MAIN IDEA WOULD BE TO EXPLORE AREAS WHERE REDUCTIONS IN ARMAMENTS COULD BE WORKED OUT.

IT WAS THE HOPE OF HUMPHREY AND CLARK THAT EVEN IF THE FILIBUSTER OVER A CIVIL RIGHTS BILL IS STILL GOING ON, AN INTERLUDE MIGHT BE WORKED OUT TO PERMIT SENATORS TO DISCUSS DISARMAMENT.

--DASH--

(EDS: THE GORE SPEECH ABOVE, ORIGINALLY EMBARGOED FOR USE AT 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY, MAY BE USED IMMEDIATELY. THE SENATOR IS MAKING THE SPEECH IN THE SENATE.)

CZ2PES

B42WX (Q)

(170) DISARMAMENT TALKS

WASHINGTON, MARCH 5 (AP)--REAR ADM. PAUL L. DUDLEY WILL SERVE AS CHIEF MILITARY ADVISER TO AMBASSADOR FREDERICK M. EATON IN DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA STARTING AT GENEVA MARCH 15.

EATON IS FLYING TO PARIS FOR A FINAL ROUND OF TALKS TO SEE WHETHER THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, CANADA, ITALY AND FRANCE CAN AGREE ON A SINGLE WESTERN POSITION FOR THE EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT PUBLISHED TODAY A LIST OF 16 ADVISERS WHO WILL WORK WITH EATON AT GENEVA. THEY ARE DRAWN PRIMARILY FROM THE STATE AND DEFENSE DEPARTMENTS.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT EATON REGARDS DUDLEY AS HIS KEY ADVISER. DUDLEY HAS SERVED FOR MORE THAN TWO YEARS AS NAVY MEMBER OF A JOINT STRATEGIC SURVEY COMMITTEE WHICH OPERATES UNDER THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF. THE COMMITTEE IS CHARGED WITH ADVISING ON GRAND STRATEGY PROBLEMS. DISARMAMENT IS ONE OF THE PROBLEMS WITH WHICH DUDLEY HAS BEEN CONCERNED.

THE DEPUTY U. S. REPRESENTATIVE UNDER EATON WILL BE CHARLES C. STELLE, 49, A WARTIME ARMY OFFICER WHO HAS BEEN IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT SINCE THE END OF WORLD WAR II.

JC416PES

MOSCOW, MARCH 5 (AP)--TRUD CHARGED TODAY THAT WESTERN POLICYMAKERS "ARE SEEKING TO DROWN THE PROBLEM OF BANNING ATOMIC WEAPONS, AS INDEED THE ENTIRE PROBLEM OF DISARMAMENT, IN AN AVALANCHE OF PAPER WORK AND STERILE DISCUSSIONS."

THE SOVIET LABOR ORGAN MADE THE CHARGE IN A CRITICAL REVIEW OF SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER'S ADDRESS BEFORE THE NATIONAL PRESS CLUB IN WASHINGTON FEB. 18. LOOKING AHEAD TO THE 10-NATION EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE OPENING IN GENEVA MARCH 15, HERTER HAD URGED THAT THE RUSSIANS ABANDON WHAT HE CALLED HOLLOW SLOGANS AND JOIN IN DISARMAMENT SAFEGUARDED BY INSPECTIONS.

TRUD'S ARTICLE FOLLOWED ATTACKS ON HERTER THURSDAY BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA AND THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA. THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS RELAYED AN 800-WORD DISPATCH ABROAD QUOTING TRUD.

30.24-10161

TRUD SAID IT IS SURPRISING THAT HERTER "SHOULD DESCRIBE SUCH UNIVERSAL DEMANDS AS THE OUTLAWING OF ATOMIC WEAPONS, RENUNCIATION OF MILITARY BASES ON FOREIGN TERRITORIES AND REDUCTION OF THE ARMED FORCES BY A THIRD AS HOLLOW SLOGANS."

IT COMPLAINED THAT HERTER'S PROPOSALS DO NOT CONTAIN "ANY ELEMENT AIMED AT THE ATTAINMENT OF TOTAL AND UNIVERSAL DISARMAMENT, ALTHOUGH IT IS THE SOLUTION OF THIS PROBLEM THAT THE PEOPLES EXPECT FROM THE 10-NATION COMMITTEE."

HL334PES

B84

CORPUS CHRISTI ASKED (230)

NEW IBERIA, LA., MARCH 5 (AP)--ADM. ARLEIGH BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, SAID TODAY HE FELT A GENERAL ALL-OUT WAR WITH RUSSIA IS REMOTE BECAUSE WE COULD "DESTROY WITH MISSILES POSSIBLY 150 CITIES" IN THE USSR WHILE SHE GOT "ONE OR TWO OF US."

BURKE, INTERVIEWED WHILE HERE FOR COMMISSIONING CEREMONIES OF THE NEW IBERIA NAVAL AUXILIARY AIR STATION FOR ADVANCED TRAINING IN ANTI-SUBMARINE S2F PLANES, SAID THE MOBILITY OF AN AIRCRAFT CANNOT FLEET WAS A BIG DETERRENT TO ALL-OUT WAR.

"THE BALLISTIC MISSILES MUST HAVE A FIXED TARGET, AND THEY CHANGE ONCE THEY ARE SET OFF," THE ADMIRAL SAID, BUT A CARRIER CAN CHANGE POSITION AFTER EACH ATTACK.

IN HIS ADDRESS, BURKE SAID THE NEW BASE SHOWS THE NAVY FIRMLY BELIEVES IN THE NEED FOR MANNED AIRCRAFT IN SEA OPERATION.

HE SAID LONG RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES CAN BE EXPECTED TO BECOME BASIC NUCLEAR DETERRENT AND RETALITORY WEAPONS.

ALTHOUGH MISSILES CAN DO MANY THINGS, THE ADMIRAL SAID, "THEY CANNOT THINK. THEY CANNOT CHOOSE. THEY CANNOT DECIDE. THEY CAN VARY OR OMIT. A MAN IN AN AIRCRAFT CAN DO ALL THESE THINGS AND MORE. THE ABILITY TO MAKE THESE DECISIONS AND FIRE AT MOVING TARGETS, ... ADDED, "WILL BE NECESSARY IN NAVAL WARFARE FOR AS LONG AS WE CAN FORSEE."

AND, HE SAID, THE "GREATEST CHALLENGE TO OUR FREE USE OF THE SEAS LIES IN OVER 400 SUBMARINES OF THE SOVIET UNION.

"THESE MAKE A FORMIDABLE FORCE. SHOULD THEY EVER BE USED IN WAR, THEY WILL BE A STRONG THREAT TO THE SEALANES WHICH UNITE THE FREE WORLD."

AS404PES

A180WX

(280) ADVANCE FOR USE AT 8 P.M., EST, SATURDAY, MARCH 5--EDS: NOTE DATE

WHITE-TITAN

(ADVANCE) EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL., MARCH 5 (AP)--THE AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF SPOKE OUT TONIGHT IN BEHALF OF THE TITAN INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE (CAPS ICBM) WHICH IS IN PROCESS OF DEVELOPMENT AND TEST.

GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE SAID THE AIR FORCE HAS ENCOUNTERED CERTAIN DIFFICULTIES WITH THE TITAN AS IT DID LESS THAN A YEAR AGO WITH THE FIRST AMERICAN ICBM, THE ATLAS.

"I WANT TO POINT OUT, HOWEVER," WHITE SAID, "THAT DESPITE SOME WELL PUBLICIZED FAILURES OF THE TITAN, WE HAVE MADE SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS AND HAVE ATTAINED SIX SUCCESSFUL FIRINGS OUT OF NINE LAUNCHES. THE LATEST TEST FIRING PLACED THE NOSE CONE ON A TARGET 5,000 MILES FROM THE LAUNCH PAD."

WHITE, IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR AN "ALL AMERICA CITY" BANQUET HERE, ALSO GAVE A BOX SCORE ON THE ATLAS ICBM:

"THE CURRENT RELIABILITY OF THE ATLAS IS INDICATED BY THE SUCCESS

CONDITIONS BUT SAID SOME MEASURES COULD LEAD TO BROADER ARMS RESTRICTIONS.

OF THE LAST 17 CONSECUTIVE TEST LAUNCHINGS OF OPERATIONAL TYPE MISSILES. FURTHERMORE, WE HAVE ATTAINED AMAZING ACCURACY WITH THESE WEAPONS."

IN HIS SUMMARY OF MISSILE DEVELOPMENT, WHITE NOTED THAT THE SOLID-FUEL, QUICK-ACTION MINUTEMAN ICBM IS DUE TO COME INTO THE ARSENAL

"SOMEWHAT LATER THAN THE TITAN."

THE MINUTEMAN WILL BE USED EITHER FOR LAUNCHING FROM UNDERGROUND POSITIONS OR MOBILE LAUNCHERS. PART OF THE MINUTEMAN FORCE WILL BE PUT ON RAILROAD CARS TO "MOVE AT RANDOM FROM PLACE TO PLACE THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY'S VAST RAIL NETWORK," HE SAID.

FIVE YEARS AGO THE AIR FORCE HAD ONLY THREE MISSILE INSTALLATIONS, OF ALL TYPES, WHITE SAID, AND "TODAY WE HAVE 41 MISSILE FACILITIES IN OPERATION OR UNDER CONSTRUCTION." ON JAN. 1, ABOUT 35,000 AIR FORCE MILITARY PERSONNEL WERE ENGAGED IN MISSILE WORK, OVER SIX TIMES THE NUMBER FIVE YEARS BEFORE, HE ADDED.

END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 8 P.M. EST SATURDAY MARCH 5; MOVED MARCH 4

BH146AES

A97WX

(300) MISSILE DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, MARCH 5 (AP)—MISSILES AND ROCKETS MAGAZINE SAID TODAY A DEFENSE DEPARTMENT STUDY GROUP HAS FOUND NO PROMISING APPROACH TOWARD EFFECTIVE DEFENSE AGAINST LONG-RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES OF THE 1970-80 ERA.

THE MAGAZINE SAID THE ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY (CARP) OF THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HAS COMPLETED THE FIRST PHASE OF THE STUDY WITH THE CONCLUSION THAT FUTURE ICBM'S APPEAR TO BE UNSTOPPABLE AND THAT SCIENCE NOW HAS NO ANSWER TO THIS PROBLEM.

THE MAGAZINE SAID THE FIRST PHASE STUDY PROGRAM, CONDUCTED BY 12 COMPANIES, HAS TAKEN NINE MONTHS AND COST ABOUT \$1,600,000. THE STUDY IS CALLED PROJECT GLIPAR. THE LETTERS STAND FOR GUIDE LINE IDENTIFICATION PROGRAM FOR ANTI-MISSILE RESEARCH.

AN ARPA SPOKESMAN TOLD A REPORTER THE GLIPAR REPORT HAS NOT BEEN COMPLETED. HE SAID THE GROUP DID NOT COME UP WITH ANY NEW INVENTION -- "ANY DEATH RAY TYPE OF THING" -- BUT THAT WAS NOT TO SAY THAT THE SCIENTISTS HAD FAILED TO SEE SOME NEW APPROACHES TO THE PROBLEM.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID HE BELIEVES THE PROGRAM WILL BE CONTINUED AS ORIGINALLY PLANNED.

THE NINE-MONTH STUDY ENDED LAST MONTH. THE REPORT ON THE PROJECT MAY BE MADE PUBLIC NEXT MONTH.

MISSILES AND ROCKETS SAID THE SEARCH FOR ICBM DEFENSES INCLUDED INVESTIGATION OF SUCH POSSIBILITIES AS ANTI-GRAVITY, ANTI-MATTER AND WHAT ARE POPULARLY CALLED DEATH RAYS.

IT SAID BALLISTIC MISSILES OF THE NEXT DECADE PROBABLY WILL BE ABLE TO ALTER THEIR DIRECTION IN FLIGHT, TO CHANGE THEIR TARGETS AFTER LAUNCHING.

THEY ALSO MAY HAVE NOSE CONES THAT CAN BLIDE AND MANEUVER WITHIN THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE, THE MAGAZINE SAID, AND THEY MAY BE ACCOMPANIED BY DECOYS SET OUT IN LARGE NUMBERS TO CONFUSE ANTI-MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS.

THE MAGAZINE SAID THE ARPA STUDY CONCLUDED THAT THE GREAT MAJORITY OF POSSIBLE DEFENSES ARE RATED AS HOPELESS, AND FEW ARE CONSIDERED TO BE WORTHY OF FURTHER STUDY.

B82PX Q

(220)

RZ/1--651PES

MOORESTOWN, N.J., MARCH 5 (AP)—A RADAR TRACKING ANTENNA DESIGNED TO DETECT ENEMY MISSILES AS FAR AS 2,000 MILES AWAY WAS PARTIALLY REVEALED THIS WEEK BY THE RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA. THE ANTENNA IS PART OF A BILLION DOLLAR PROJECT KNOWN AS BALLISTIC MISSILE EARLY WARNING SYSTEM (BMEWS). DESIGNED TO

MINUTES WARNING OF A BALLISTIC ATTACK ON THE U.S. ITS JOB IS TO DETECT POSITIVELY IDENTIFY AND DETERMINE LAUNCHING AND LANDING POINTS.

THE ANTENNA IS HOUSED IN A HUGE SPHERE AS HIGH AS A 15 STORY OFFICE BUILDING AND VISIBLE TO PEOPLE FOR MILES AROUND. THE SPHERE IS ATOP A THREE STORY BUILDING, 145 FEET SQUARE, TOPPED BY A SPECIALLY TREATED PAPER AND PLASTIC SPHERE 140 FEET IN DIAMETER.

THE DOME IS TO PROTECT THE GIANT ROTATING ANTENNA FROM FRIGID ARCTIC WEATHER AND WINDS OF UP TO 185 MILES AN HOUR. RCA SAYS THE RADAR IS ONE OF THE MOST FLEXIBLE IN EXISTENCE, SCANS VARIOUS SECTORS AT DIFFERENT ELEVATION ANGLES AND SERVES AS DETECTION RADAR. AT OTHER TIMES IT CAN ALSO TRACK.

UPON DETECTION, RCA SAYS, THE BEAM "LOCKS ON" AND TRACKS THE TARGET TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT IT IS AN INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE, AND, IF SO, TO OBTAIN DATA ON ITS TRAJECTORY. IN SECONDS, ELECTRONIC COMPUTERS DETERMINE BOTH THE LAUNCHING POINT AND POINT OF IMPACT. SUBSYSTEMS OF ELECTRONIC PROCESSING EQUIPMENT AUTOMATICALLY INTERPRET THE RADAR INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATE IT TO HEADQUARTERS.

NEWSMEN WERE TAKEN ON A TOUR FRIDAY OF THE RCA PLANT HERE WHERE THE FIRM HAS BEEN BUILDING THE MAZE OF ELECTRONIC AND MECHANICAL WONDERS ORDERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE. SECRECY ON THE PROJECT WAS PARTIALLY LIFTED BY DEFENSE OFFICIALS.

WJ1231AESNM

A134

WETHERSFIELD, ENGLAND, MARCH 5 (AP)—A KILTED SCOTSMAN PLAYING A DIRGE ON BAGPIPES LED 1,000 DEMONSTRATORS IN A PROTEST MARCH TO THE GATES OF A U.S. AIR BASE NEAR THIS ESSEX VILLAGE TODAY. THEY HANDED IN PETITIONS AND LETTERS PROTESTING "THE PRESENCE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS" AT THE BASE. POLICE STOOD BY IN CASE OF TROUBLE, BUT THEY WERE NOT NEEDED.

B910PES

A8

AMS BUDGET (700)

NIGHT LEAD KHRUSHCHEV

BY PRESTON GROVER

MOSCOW, MARCH 5 (AP)—PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV RETURNED TODAY FROM HIS SOUTH ASIAN TOUR WITH A CALM REPORT ON HIS TRAVELS AND AN EYE ON THE SUMMIT TALKS AHEAD. NO ONE, HE SAID, SHOULD MAKE STATEMENTS AT THIS TIME WHICH MIGHT TROUBLE THE ATMOSPHERE.

LOOKING TANNED AND FIT, KHRUSHCHEV ADDRESSED A MEETING OF MOSCOVITES AT LENIN STADIUM SOON AFTER A SOVIET AIRLINER LANDED HIM FROM KABUL, HIS LAST STOP ON A THREE-WEEK, 15,500-MILE TOUR OF INDIA, BURMA, INDONESIA AND AFGHANISTAN.

TO A HOUSE PACKED AS USUAL WITH TOP ELEMENTS OF THE SOVIET PARTY AND GOVERNMENT, THE PREMIER APPEALED FOR MUTUAL CALM BEFORE HIS MEETING WITH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE IN PARIS MARCH 15 AND THE EAST-WEST-SUMMIT-CONFERENCE-OPENING-IN-THE-FRENCH-CAPITAL-MAY-16.

"THE SOVIET UNION GOES TO THESE TALKS FULL OF READINESS TO LOOK WITH OTHER STATES FOR WAYS TO EASE INTERNATIONAL TENSION AND PEACEFUL REGULATION OF ARGUABLE QUESTIONS," HE SAID.

"WE FROM OUR SIDE HAVE DONE AND ARE DOING EVERYTHING NECESSARY TO CREATE A FAVORABLE ATMOSPHERE FOR THE FORTHCOMING TALKS. WE INTEND TO ACHIEVE SUCCESS IN THE FUTURE MEETINGS. IF OUR WESTERN PARTNERS GO TO THE TALKS WITH SIMILAR INTENTIONS ONE CAN HOPE FOR THE SUCCESS OF THE MEETING OF THE HEADS OF GOVERNMENT.

"THE THING NOW IS THAT NOT A SINGLE STATE SHOULD COMPLICATE THE ATMOSPHERE WITH ANY ACTION. OUR PROPOSALS ARE KNOWN TO THE WHOLE WORLD. IF THE WESTERN POWERS ARE SINCERE IN THEIR DESIRE FOR PEACE

AND WILL NOT CREATE NEW DIFFICULTIES THEN THEY WILL MAKE THEIR CONTRIBUTION TO THE CAUSE OF ACHIEVING RESULTS."

IN REPORTING ON HIS TOUR, KHRUSHCHEV PERSISTED IN HIS ATTACKS ON WHAT HE CALLS "IMPERIALIST COLONIALISM." HE DENOUNCED COLONIALISM AT EVERY TURN AND BLAMED IT FOR MOST OF THE ILLS OF THE NATIONS HE VISITED. THAT WAS HIS THEME THROUGHOUT THE TRIP AND THE THEME OF THE RUSSIAN PRESS.

AT ONLY ONE POINT DID HE RAISE HIS VOICE ABOUT SOMETHING MORE SPECIFIC. HE BACKED AFGHANISTAN'S ARGUMENT THAT THE PUSHTU PEOPLE, NOW MOSTLY IN PAKISTAN, SHOULD HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY "TO EXPRESS THEIR OWN WISHES AT THE POLLS TO SAY WHERE THEY WANT TO GO."

THE IDEA OF CREATING A SEPARATE STATE OF PUSHTOONISTAN FOR THESE PEOPLE HAS BEEN A HOT ISSUE IN THE MOUNTAINOUS BORDER AREA FOR YEARS. KHRUSHCHEV CAME OUT IN SUPPORT OF IT WHEN HE VISITED AFGHANISTAN IN 1956. PAKISTAN, A WESTERN ALLY, REJECTS SUCH TALK.

THE SOVIET PREMIER TOLD HIS MOSCOWITE AUDIENCE THAT COLONIAL EFFORTS OF BRITAIN IN SEPARATING THE PUSHTU COUNTRY FROM AFGHANISTAN LONG AGO ARE TO BLAME FOR THE EXISTING DISPUTE.

"WE CONSIDER THE DEMANDS OF THE AFGHANS CORRECT--THE DEMAND OF AFGHANISTAN TO SEE THE WILL OF PUSHTOONISTAN EXPRESSED BY PLEBISCITE," HE SAID. "IT IS FOR THE PUSHTOONISTAN PEOPLE THEMSELVES TO DECIDE WHETHER THEY WOULD LIKE TO REMAIN IN PAKISTAN, TO FORM AN INDEPENDENT STATE, OR TO JOIN AFGHANISTAN."

COUNTRY BY COUNTRY, KHRUSHCHEV REPORTED ON HIS TOUR: INDONESIA: IT IS SCENICALLY BEAUTIFUL. "THEY MUST DO A LOT TO OVERCOME THEIR BACKWARDNESS. THIS IS A LEGACY OF COLONIALISM."

INDIA: HIS VISIT WAS "VERY FRUITFUL." HE RECOMMENDED THE SUCCESS OF THE FARM AT SURATGARAH, FINANCED AND TOOLED BY SOVIET RUSSIA. A RETIRED INDIAN GENERAL IS RUNNING IT.

"IT WAS A PLEASURE TO SEE HIM ENGAGED IN PEACEFUL LABOR ON THE SOIL," KHRUSHCHEV SAID. "THIS IS A HINT TO OUR GENERAL S AND OFFICERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE REDUCTION OF ARMED FORCES."

BURMA: "IT WAS PLEASANT TO MEET U NU IN RANGOON. THIS MAN IS A GREAT FIGHTER FOR INDEPENDENCE, A GREAT PEACE FIGHTER. HIS PARTY RECENTLY WAS OVERWHELMINGLY VICTORIOUS IN THE ELECTIONS AND SOON WILL BE CALLED UPON TO FORM A NEW GOVERNMENT."

THAT BROUGHT APPLAUSE AND KHRUSHCHEV QUICKLY ADDED: "THIS APPLAUSE MIGHT BE CONSTRUED AS INTERFERENCE IN THE AFFAIRS OF ANOTHER COUNTRY." THERE WAS LAUGHTER.

AFGHANISTAN: KHRUSHCHEV AND HIS PARTY WERE WELCOMED AS OLD FRIENDS. THE AFGHANS WERE ASSURED THEY COULD ALWAYS RELY ON SOVIET SUPPORT.

A SOVIET-AFGHANISTAN COMMUNIQUE DRAWN UP IN KABUL SAID BOTH SIDES EMPHASIZED THAT THEIR FRIENDLY RELATIONS WILL CONTINUE TO BE STRENGTHENED. IT LISTED DISARMAMENT AS "THE MOST URGENT ISSUE OF OUR TIME" AND SAID THE MAY SUMMIT MEETING WILL MARK AN IMPORTANT LANDMARK IN SETTLING IMPORTANT INTERNATIONAL ISSUES.

KHRUSHCHEV'S RETURN TO MOSCOW BROUGHT THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS AND A HOST OF SOVIET OFFICIALS OUT TO THE WIND-BLOWN AND ICY AIRFIELD.

MRS. KHRUSHCHEV KISSED HER HUSBAND, ABSENT FOR 24 DAYS, THE MOMENT HE STEPPED OFF THE PLANE.

EVERYONE HERE EXPECTS KHRUSHCHEV WILL TAKE OFF FOR A WEEK'S REST BEFORE FLYING TO PARIS.

MM1254PES

30.24-10163

B40 (SEG)

(300)

COPENHAGEN, DENMARK, MARCH 5 (AP)--AFTER 20 YEARS OF SEPARATION, THE ARMONAS FAMILY HAD A HAPPY REUNION TODAY IN COPENHAGEN'S KASTRUP AIRPORT.

FROM EARLY MORNING JOHN ARMONAS, OF WICKLIFFE, OHIO, WITH HIS DAUGHTER DONNA, 24, WAITED NERVOUSLY FOR HIS WIFE, BARBARA, AND 20-YEAR-OLD SON JOHN, WHOM HE HAD NEVER SEEN.

AFTER A LAST-MINUTE DELAY CAUSED BY FOG OVER THE AIRPORT, MRS. ARMONAS AND HER SON FINALLY STEPPED DOWN FROM A PLANE THAT BROUGHT THEM HERE FROM STOCKHOLM.

THEY LEFT MOSCOW YESTERDAY AFTER SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV MADE GOOD A PROMISE HE GAVE DONNA DURING HIS TOUR OF THE

UNITED STATES LAST FALL TO LET HER MOTHER AND BROTHER LEAVE LITHUANIA.

ARMONAS AND HIS DAUGHTER EMBRACED WITH TEARS IN THEIR EYES AS MOTHER AND SON STEPPED DOWN FROM THE PLANE. THEN ARMONAS PUT HIS HANDS ON HIS SON'S SHOULDERS AND LOOKED AT HIM PROUDLY BEFORE THEY EMBRACED.

AFTER KISSING HER MOTHER, DONNA TURNED TO HER BROTHER, PAUSED FOR A SECOND AND THEN IMPULSIVELY PRESENTED HIM WITH A LITTLE "STARS AND STRIPES." YOUNG JOHN GRINNED BROADLY, ACCEPTED THE FLAG AND EMBRACED HIS SISTER.

WHILE HUSBAND AND WIFE HAPPILY RATTLED AWAY IN RUSSIAN, DONNA PUT HER ARM AROUND HER BROTHER AND LED THE WAY TO THE AIRPORT BUILDING WHERE THE U.S. CONSUL SAW TO IT THAT MRS. ARMONAS AND HER SON WENT THROUGH PASSPORT CONTROL AND CUSTOMS WITHOUT DELAY.

THE REUNITED FAMILY THEN WITHDREW TO A RESERVED ROOM FOR A SHORT CELEBRATION BEFORE DRIVING TO A HOTEL.

THE ARMONAS FAMILY WAS VISITING LITHUANIA IN 1940 WHEN THEY WERE TRAPPED BY THE SOVIET INVASION OF THAT COUNTRY. THE FATHER AND DAUGHTER WERE PERMITTED TO LEAVE BECAUSE THEY WERE AMERICAN CITIZENS, BUT LITHUANIA-BORN MRS. ARMONAS, EXPECTING A BABY, WAS FORCED TO STAY BEHIND.

WHEN JOHN WAS BORN, SHE SAID LAST NIGHT IN STOCKHOLM, "I AND MY INFANT SON WERE TAKEN TO SIBERIA."

THEY STAYED IN SIBERIAN LABOR CAMPS FOR ALMOST 10 YEARS. IN 1956 THEY WERE ALLOWED TO RETURN TO LITHUANIA, NOW PART OF THE SOVIET UNION.

FOR YEARS ARMONAS AND HIS DAUGHTER PESTERED SOVIET OFFICIALS WITH PLEAS FOR EXIT-VISAS FOR BARBARA AND JONAS. BUT IN VAIN. LAST YEAR, HOWEVER, KHRUSHCHEV INTERVENED FOR THEM.

VS735AES

A128MP

KELLOGG, MINN., MARCH 5 (AP)--A FLAG LOST IN BATTLE IN MANCHURIA 20 YEARS AGO IS GOING BACK TO ITS GRATEFUL JAPANESE OWNER.

ODELL ARENS OF KELLOGG RAN ACROSS THE FLAG, A WORLD WAR II SOUVENIR RECENTLY. CURIOUS ABOUT THE JAPANESE INSCRIPTIONS ON THE FLAG, HE TOOK IT TO A NEIGHBOR, MRS. LAVERN TENTIS, A JAPANESE WAR BRIDE.

SHE FOUND THE FLAG BORE THE NAME AND SCHOOLS ATTENDED BY ITS ORIGINAL OWNER. SHE WROTE AND GOT AN IMMEDIATE ANSWER FROM TAMINOO DIO OF WAKAYAMAKEN, IN SOUTHERN JAPAN.

"I THINK THIS IS ONE OF GOD'S MIRACLES," TAMINOO ANSWERED, "TO HAVE YOU FIND MY FLAG. THIS IS WHAT I CALL A GREAT HUMANITY. I AM

AND "TAMINOO" FULL OF TEARS WITH GRATITUDE." HE NOW IS WORKING IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

TAMINOO BELIEVES ONE OF HIS COMRADES TOOK THE FLAG FROM HIM AS HE LAY WOUNDED AND APPARENTLY DYING ON THE MANCHURIAN BORDER IN JUNE 1940. HE SPENT TWO YEARS IN HOSPITALS.

ODELL GOT THE FLAG FROM A GUERRILLA FIGHTER IN THE PHILIPPINES IN 1945 WHILE SERVING WITH THE ARMY ENGINEERS.

RM756PCS NM

B12 Q (300)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., MARCH 5 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY (D-MINN) SAYS OF COMMUNIST CHINA: "SOMETIMES IT IS EASIER TO DEAL WITH A FORMIDABLE ENEMY BY OPEN RECOGNITION" THEN INDIRECTLY.

HUMPHREY, A CANDIDATE FOR THE DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION, MADE THE STATEMENT IN A LETTER TO TRAN VAN KY, U.N. AND WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT OF NEWSPAPERS IN CAMBODIA, LAOS AND SOUTH VIET NAM. VAN KY MADE THE LETTER PUBLIC TODAY.

QUERIED ON DEMOCRATIC POLICY TOWARD PEIPING, HUMPHREY WROTE: "A DEMOCRATIC ADMINISTRATION SHOULD CONSTANTLY KEEP UNDER REVIEW THE POLICY OF OUR GOVERNMENT TOWARD RED CHINA AND FORMOSA. IF WE ARE TO HAVE A MEANINGFUL AND UNIVERSAL ARMS CONTROL AGREEMENT WITH ADEQUATE INSPECTION, RED CHINA MUST BE INCLUDED.

"THIS DOES NOT NECESSARILY IMPLY RECOGNITION OF RED CHINA NOW, FOR AGGRESSIVE ACTIONS OF THAT GOVERNMENT IN RECENT MONTHS HAVE NOT BEEN REASSURING...NEVERTHELESS, OUR POLICY TOWARDS RED CHINA SHOULD ALWAYS BE OPEN TO REVIEW.

"I AM NOT CALLING FOR RECOGNITION NOW. I AM ONLY SAYING THAT SOMETIMES IT IS EASIER TO DEAL WITH A FORMIDABLE ENEMY BY OPEN RECOGNITION THAN BY DEALING WITH HIM INDIRECTLY."

TO OTHER QUESTIONS, HUMPHREY REPLIED:

1. ADLAI STEVENSON AND "A HALF DOZEN OTHER DEMOCRATS I COULD MENTION, WOULD MAKE EXCELLENT SECRETARIES OF STATE."

2. "A DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENT WOULD TAKE MORE SERIOUSLY THE SOVIET ECONOMIC AND PROPAGANDA OFFENSIVE" BUT WOULD MAKE NO FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE IN THE U.S. ATTITUDE TOWARD THE SOVIET UNION.

3. THE UNITED STATES SHOULD EXPAND FOREIGN AID TO LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES AND HELP INDIA REACH HER ECONOMIC GOALS BEFORE COMMUNIST CHINA.

4. A GENERATION OR MORE OF "COMPETITIVE COEXISTENCE BETWEEN THE COMMUNIST WORLD AND THE FREE WORLD" SEEMS AHEAD--A MILITARY, POLITICAL, DIPLOMATIC AND IDEOLOGICAL STRUGGLE WHICH THE UNITED STATES MUST MEET "ON ALL FRONTS." PEACEFUL COMPETITION IS PREFERABLE, BUT THE UNITED STATES "MUST REMAIN MILITARILY STRONG" TO DETER ANY COMMUNIST "MILITARY ADVENTURE" WHILE PRESSING FOR UNIVERSAL, CONTROLLED DISARM

WW145